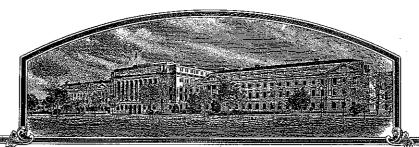
No.



200100019

# THUE UNITED STRATES OF AMERICAL

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE; PRESENTS; SHALL COME;

Seminis Hegetable Seeds, Inc.

MICCORS, THERE HAS BEEN PRESENTED TO THE

## Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED DISTINCT VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED, OR TUBER PROPAGATED PLANT, THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THERETO IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDICATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS, HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF TWENTY SEARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC PERIODISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAW, THE GRANT OF EXCLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY, OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT, OR ORTING IT, OR EXPORTING IT, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE PURPOSE, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE OR USING IT IN PRODUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT VARIETY THEREFROM, TO THE EXTENT BY THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION ACT. (84 STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2321 ET SEQ.)

#### LETTUCE

'Gator'

In Jestimon Thereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Plant Unriety Protection Office to be affixed at the City of Washington, D.C. this ninth day of June, in the year two thousand and six.

Ac i

Renzin

of Agriculture

#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY - PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE

The following state nents are made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a) at the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995.

APPLICATION FOR PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION CERTIFICATE (Instructions and information collection burden statement on reverse)

Application is required in order to determine if a plant variety protection certificate is to be issued (7 U.S.C. 2421). Information is held confidential until certificate is issued (7 U.S.C. 2426).

			/				
Seminis Vegetable Seeds, Inc.					2. TEMPORARY DESIGNATION EXPERIMENTAL NAME  GX637	i	3. VARIETY NAME Gator
4 ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP Code, and Country)					5. TELEPHONE (include area code) (805) 647-1572		FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
2700 Camino del Sol							PVPO NUMBER
Oxnard, CA 93030-7967					FAX (include area code)		2001000
					(805) 918-2545		
		Ι					FILING DATE
7 IF THE OWNER NAMED IS NOT A "PERSON", GIVE FORM OF ORGANIZATION (corporation, partnership, association, etc.)  8. IF INCORPORA STATE OF INCO			E OF INCO	TED, GIVE IRPORATION	9. DATE OF INCORPORATIO	и	October 26,24
Corporation		Cali	ifornia		1962		•
10. NAME AND ADDRESS OF OWNER REPI	RESENTATIVE(S) TO SERVE IN THI	S APPLICA	TION. (First	t person listed will red	ceive all papers)		FILING AND EXAMINATION FEES:
Marcel Bruins							[: 2705.00°
Seminis Vegetable Se	eeds, Inc.						R DATE O Table 14
Nude 54D	•	•					E CERTIFICATION FEE:
6702 DN Wageninger	1				•		768-00
The Netherlands						1	DATE 15/8/06
11. TELEPHONE (include area code)	12. FAX (Include area code)		13. E_M	AIL.		14. CROP	KIND (Common Name)
31 317 450218 31 317450217 mbruins@svseeds.nl				_	tuce		
15 GENUS AND SPECIES NAME OF CROP				MILY NAME (Bolanical) 17. IS THE VARIETY A FIRST G			E VARIETY A FIRST GENERATION
Lactuva sativa	•		6	COMPOSITAE DYES DINO			
18. CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX FOR EACH	ATTACHMENT SUBMITTED (Follow	instructions	1 on				HETY BE SOLD AS A CLASS OF
a. 🗸 Exhibit A. Origin and Breeding I	History of the Variety			CERTIFIED SEED? See Section 83(a) of the Plant Variety Protection Act)  YES (If Yes", answer Items 20  NO (If "no," go to Item 22)			
b. Exhibit B. Statement of Distinct				and 21 below)			
c. Lithibit C. Objective Description d. Exhibit D. Additional Description		•		20. DOES THE OWNER SPECIFY THAT SEED OF THIS VARIETY BE LIMITED AS TO NUMBI OF GENERATIONS?			
e. Exhibit E. Statement of the Basi f. Wougher Sample (2,500 viable u	is of the Owner's Ownership intreated seeds or, for tuber propagati	ed varieties					] KO
verification that lissue culture will repository)	I be depositied and maintained in an 450), made psyable to "Treasurer of t	approved p	ublic .		TEM 20, WHICH CLASSES OF OUNDATION REGIS	_	ON BEYOND BREEDER SEE0?  CERTIFIED
22. HAS THE VARIETY (INCLUDING ANY HAI FROM THIS VARIETY BEEN SOLD, DISPI	<del></del>	PRODUC	ED U. S. OR	23. IS THE VARIE PROPERTY F	ETY OR ANY COMPONENT OF RIGHT (PLANT BREEDER'S RIC	THE VARIESHT OR PAT	TY PROTECTED BY INTELLECTUAL ENTITY
OTHER COUNTRIES?  ✓ YES US 10/26	/99 🔲 NO			☐ YES ✓ NO			✓ NO
IF YES, YOU MUST PROVIDE THE DATE FOR EACH COUNTRY AND THE CIRCUI	OF FIRST SALE, DISPOSITION, TE STANCES. (Please use space indic	ANSFER, eated on re-	OR USE verse.)	IF YES, PLEAT REFERENCE	SE GIVE COUNTRY, DATE OF NUMBER. (Please use space in	FILING OR I	SSUANCE AND ASSIGNED everse.)
24. The owners declare that a viable sample of for a luber propagated variety a tissue cult. The undersigned owner(s) is(are) the owne and is entitled to protection under the provision.	are will be deposited in a public reposer or of this sexually reproduced or tuber	itory and m propagate	iaintained fi d plant varie	or the duration of the	certificate.		•
Owner(s) is(are) informed that false represe	entation herein can jeopardize protec	tion and res	sult in penul	<del></del>		<del></del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SIGNATURE OF OWNER				SIGNATURE OF C	UWNER		
NAME (Please print or type)			<del></del>	NAME (Please pri	int or type)		
Seminis Vegetable Seeds				fo waste ban	· 46-4		
CAPACITY OR TITLE	DATE			CAPACITY OR TI	TLE		DATE
Manager, Plant Variety P	rotection 10-3	\5 -C	50				
LT-470 (5-98) designed by the Plant Variety Pro	tection Office with WordPerfect 5.0a.	Replaces .	STD-470 (0	3-96) which is obsole	nte /See reverse for inst	cuctions and	information collection burden statement)

Exhibit A
Origin and Breeding History

Gator originated from a hand pollinated cross made between El Toro & Montello. The cross was made in 1984 using El Toro as the female parent & Montello as the male parent.

The F1 was planted in the greenhouse, the progeny observed, the selfs removed and the seed was harvested in bulk. The F2, generation was planted in a corky root infected area in Bellegrade, Florida. The progeny observed and selections were made based on corky root resistance and heading ability as well as plant type. The selected plants were allowed to reproduce, seed was harvested and bulked.

The F3 population was planted in Florida in a corky root infected soil. The progenys were observed and selections were made based on Corky Root resistance, heading ability and plant type.

The selected plants were allowed to reproduce. Seed was harvested and planted in Florida in September 1989. The progeny from the #1 plant selected in the previous generation was observed and 13 selections were made based on the plant type, heading ability and Corky Root Resistance. The plants were allowed to reproduce and were planted in Florida in December 1990. The progenys were observed and 3 selections were made from the #12 plant selected in the previous generation. The selected plants were allowed to reproduce and seed was harvested.

The seed was planted in October 1992 and the progenys observed. One selection was made from the #3 plant selected in the previous generation. The selection was made on plant type and heading ability. The selected plant was allowed to reproduce. Seed was harvested in the San Joaquin Valley of CA. In April 1993. The progeny was observed and it appeared uniform. Seed was harvested in bulk. The seed was planted in Florida in October 1993. The progeny was observed and appeared uniform. An extensive Trialing program was initiated.

Subsequent sexual reproductions were made in 1994, 1995, 1996, and 1997. In the above noted generations no-off types were noted. The variety is stable and uniform without any variants or off-types noted.

The breeding method employed was pedigree selection, using both single plant selection and mass selection practices. Gator differs from the female parent in its resistance to corky root rot disease. El Toro is susceptible and Gator is resistant. Gator differs from the male parent in being a vanguard type as opposed to Montello being a Great Lakes type.

Rev. 12-05

# Exhibit B Statement of Distinctness Lettuce variety, 'Gator'

'Gator' most closely resembles 'Raleigh' but differs in being a vanguard type as opposed to being an Eastern type.

The lettuce variety 'Gator' differs from the varieties 'Vanguard' and 'Moranguard' in several aspects:

- Region of adaptation: 'Gator' is grown in Florida whereas 'Vanguard' and 'Moranguard' are grown in Southern California and Western Arizona
- <u>Soil requirements</u>: 'Gator' is grown on organic soils whereas 'Vanguard' and 'Moranguard' are grown in mineral soils.
- <u>Heat tolerance</u>: 'Gator' is considered to be moderately bolting tolerant whereas 'Vanguard' and 'Moranguard' are considered to be moderately bolting susceptible.
- <u>Plant size</u>: 'Gator,' under normal conditions, forms a medium to large sized head whereas 'Vanguard' and 'Moranguard,' under normal conditions, form a large to very large sized head.
- <u>Plant vigor</u>: 'Gator' is considered to be a less vigorous variety so it can grow well in the mild Florida winters. Fields of 'Gator' can be seen growing next to sweet corn during the winter season in Florida. In contrast, 'Vanguard' and 'Moranguard' are considered to be vigorous varieties, in order to withstand winter freezes which frequently occur in the area of Southern California and Western Arizona. Field corn cannot be grown in those areas due to the freezing temperatures.
- Leaf margin: 'Gator' has more undulation than either 'Vanguard' or 'Moranguard.'

#### Exhibit B, Novelty Statement of cv. Gator

Replicated field trials were grown during the winter of 2004-2005 in the Belle Glade region of South Florida. Cv. Gator was compared with the most similar commercial cultivars, cvs. Raleigh, Moranguard, and Vanguard. The region of adaptation and the soil requirements of these varieties have already been stated in the prior correspondence. To further distinguish these varieties from each other, individuals were measured for plant diameter, leaf margin undulation, and number of days to 15 cm, characteristics which would easily aid in differentiating one from another (Table 1).

Cv. Raleigh is a Great Lakes type (mean undulation of 2.83 cm) while cvs. Gator, Moranguard, and Vanguard (1.38 cm, 1.03 cm and 0.923 cm, respectively) resemble the margin characterized by the Vanguard group of varieties. Cv. Gator could be further distinguished from cvs. Moranguard and Vanguard by measuring plant diameters (46.58 cm vs. 53.63 cm and 51.78 cm, respectively) and the number of days to 15 cm (72.5 days vs 63.3 days and 61.8 days, respectively).

The four varieties were found to be significantly different from each other by plant diameter and leaf margin undulation at the 95% confidence level. Cvs. Gator and Raleigh were significantly different from cvs. Moranguard, and Vanguard exhibiting a range of means for plant diameters from 46.33 to 46.82 for c.v. Gator, from 45.03 to 45.62 and for cv. Raleigh, from 53.33 to 53.92 for c.v. Moranguard and from 51.48 to 52.67 for c.v. Vanguard, while cv. Gator was significantly different from cvs. Moranguard and Vanguard and from cv. Raleigh for means of leaf margin undulation, from 1.31 to 1.44 for c.v. for Gator, from 0.96 to 1.09 for c.v. Moranguard, from 0.87 to 0.98 for c.v. Vanguard, and from 2.73 to 2.92 for Raleigh, using the 0.95 probability of generating confidence intervals (CI) that contains the means.

'Gator' was found to be significantly different from 'Raleigh' in that the seed color of 'Gator' is black, whereas the seed color of 'Raleigh' is white. Additionally, 'Gator' has moderate raised butt midrib, whereas 'Raleigh' has flat butt midrib.

Thus, cv. Gator was found to be significantly different than the most similar varieties.

Revised 10/17/05

Table 1. Evaluation of cv. Gator and the most similar cultivar, cvs. Raleigh, Moranguard, and Vanguard, for several important characters.

Trial No	Cultivar	Rep No.	Region of Adaptation <sup>a</sup>	Soil Requirements <sup>t</sup>	Plant ' Diameter <sup>c</sup>	Leaf Margin Undulation <sup>d</sup>	No. of Days to 15 cm <sup>e</sup>
Trial 1:	cv. Gator:	Rep. 1	S. Florida	Organic	47.5±1.0	1.4±0.3	72
Evaluated 6 January 20	005	Rep. 2	S. Florida	Organic	48.6±1.1	1.3±0.3	71
Belle Glade,		Average:	S. Florida	Organic	48.1±1.1	1.4±0.3	72
	cv. Raleigh:	Rep. 1	S. Florida	Organic	46.1±1.4	2.9±0.4	70
	•	Rep. 2	S. Florida	Organic	47.5±1.3	2.7±0.5	71
		Average:	S. Florida	Organic	46.8±1.4	2.8±0.5	71
	cv. Moranguard:	Rep. 1	S. Calif/Ariz	Mineral	53.7±1.3	1.0±0.3	63
٠	· · ·	Rep. 2	S. Calif/Ariz	Mineral	55.5±1.4	1.1±0.2	62
		Average:	S. Calif/Ariz	Mineral	54.6±1.4	1.1±0.3	63
	cv. Vanguard:	Rep. 1	S. Calif/Ariz	Mineral	52.1±1.2	1.0±0.2	61
		Rep. 2	S. Calif/Ariz	Mineral	51.9±1.4	0.8±0.2	61
		Average:	S. Calif/Ariz	Mineral	52.0±1.3	0.9±0.2	61
Trial 2:	cv. Gator:	Rep. 1	S. Florida	Organic	45.8±1.1	1.3±0.2	74
Evaluated 21 March 206	ns	Rep. 2	S. Florida	Organic	44.4±1.2	1.5±0.3	73
Belle Glade,	• •	Average:	S. Florida	Organic	45.1±1.2	1.4±0.3	74
	cv. Raleigh:	Rep. 1	S. Florida	Organic	43.7±1.3	2.8±0.4	73
		Rep. 2	S. Florida	Organic	44.0±1.3	2.9±0.4	72
		Average:	S. Florida	Organic	43.9±1.3	2.9±0.4	73
	cv. Moranguard:	Rep. 1	S. Calif/Ariz	Mineral	53.0±1.4	1.0±0.3	64
		Rep. 2	S. Calif/Ariz	Mineral	52.6±1.2	1.0±0.3	64
		Average:	S. Calif/Ariz	Mineral	52.8±1.3	1.0±0.3	64
	cv. Vanguard:	Rep. 1	S. Calif/Ariz	Mineral	51.8±1.3	1.0±0.3	63
		Rep. 2	S. Calif/Ariz	Mineral	51.3±1.3	0.9±0.3	62
		Average:	S. Calif/Ariz	Mineral	51.6±1.3	1.0±0.3	63

Range of variation among means of statistically significant differences at the 95% level using the confidence interval [CI = mean ± (SDXSE)]:

cv. Gator	46.33 to 46.82	1.31 to 1.44
cv. Raleigh	45,03 to 45.62	2.73 to 2.92
cv. Moranguard	53.33 to 53.92	0.98 to 1.09
cv. Vanguard	51.48 to 52.67	0.87 to 0.96

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Area of North America where the varieties are adapted and commercially grown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Type of soil to which these varieties are adapted and commercially grown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Mean plant diameter using two sowing dates of 20 plants per replication in centimeters ± standard deviation.

<sup>d</sup> Mean vertical distance from the leaf surface (undulation) using two sowing dates of 20 plants per replication in

d Mean vertical distance from the leaf surface (undulation) using two sowing dates of 20 plants per replication in centimeters ± standard deviation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Mean number of days until stem reaches 15 cm using two replications of 20 plants each.

#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE. LIVESTOCK AND SEED DIVISION

## OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY LETTUCE Lactuca sativa

	LE) II	JCE <u>Lactuca sativa</u>	•	
NAME OF APPLICANT (S)			FOR OFFICIA	L USE ONLY
ADDRESS (Street and No. or R.F.D. No., C	Sity. State, and ZTZ Code!		PVPO NUMBER 0 1	00019
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•	VARIETY NAME	000.10
•• ·		•	· ·	•
	•		EXPERIMENTAL DESIG	HATION
Place numbers in the boxes for the characte spaced plants. Royal Horticultural Society	ers which best describe this or any recognized color s	s variety. Measured data should tandard may be used to determi	be the mean of an appropriate nu	mber (at least 10) of we
The location of the test area is:	ude Flori	Color System Us	ed:	
	d check varieties page 4.)	a c   K/	15 Colour Chai	- T
01=Cutting/Leaf 02=Butterhead 03=Bibb C4=Cos or Romain	05=Grest Lake 08=Vanguard 0 07=Imperial Gr	roup 10=Latin		·
2. SEED: COLOR 1=White (Silver Gray)	LIGHT DO		AT DORMANCY	
2 2*Black (Gray Brown) 3=Brown (Amber)	1=Light Re 2=Light No	·	Susceptible Not Susceptible	
3. COTYLEDON TO FOURTH LEAF STA	GE: NOTE: Provice a	plor photograph or photocopy	of the fourth leaf from 20 day old	seecling
SHAPE OF COTYLEDONS	: 1=5road		atulate	
3 SHAPE OF FOURTH LEAF	2 3		5 6	3
14 LENGTH/WIDTH INDEX O	F FOURTH LEAF: LAV	x 10		·
3 APICAL MARGIN: } H BASAL MARGIN:	1=Entire 2=Creanate/Griawed 3=Finely Dentate	4=Moderately Dentate 5=Coarsely Dentate 6=Incised	7=Lobed 8=OTHER (specify)	
2 UNDULATION:	1= Flat	2=Slight	3*Medium	4=Marked
GREEN COLOR:	1=Yellow Green 2=Light Green	3=Medium Green 4=Dark Green	5=Blue Green 6=Silver Green	7=Gray Green
ANTHOCYANIN:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
DISTRIBUTION:	1=Absent 2=Margin Only	3≈Spotted 4≈Throughout	5=OTHER (specify)	· .
CONCENTRATION:	1=Light	2×Moderate	. 3=Intense	
ROLLING:	1#Absent	2=Present		
CUPPING: .	1=Uncupped	2=Slight	3=Markedly	
REFLEXING:	1-None	2=Apical Margin	3=Lateral Margins	

4 346	TILES	3 FAVEC		<u> </u>	400010
		LEAVES (observe harvest-matus ovide color photo of harvest-ma	re outer leaves): ture leaves which accurately shows color at	nd margin characteristics.	100019
٠.	2	MARGIN: INCISION DEPTH: Ideepest penetration of th	1=Absent/Shallow (Dark Green Boston)		3=Deep (Great Lakes 659
	3	INDENTATION: (finest divisions of the margin	1=Entire (Dark Green Boston)	3=Deeply Dentate (Great Lakes 659) 4=Crenate (Vanguard)	5-OTHER (apecify)
	2	UNDULATION OF THE APICAL MARGIN:	1=Absent/Slight (Dark Green Boston)	2=Moderate (Vanguard)	3=Strong (Great Lakes 65
	4	GREEN COLOR:	1=Very Light Green (Bibb) 2=Light Green (Minetto)	3=Medium Green (Great Lakes) 4=Dark Green (Vanguard)	5=Very Dark Green 6=OTHER
		ANTHOCYANIN (grown at a	r below 10 C):		
		DISTRIBUTION:	1=Absent 2=Margin Only (Big Seston)	3=Spotted (Calif. Cream Butter) 4×Throughout (Prize Head)	5=OTHER (specify)
		CONCENTRATION:	1=Light (Iceberg)	2×Moderate (Prize Head)	3=Intense (Ruby)
<b>-</b>	2	SIZE:	1=Smail	2=Medium	3#Large
		GLOSSINESS:	1=Dull (Vanguard)	2=Moderate (Salinas)	3=Glossy (Great Lakes)
,- ,-	2	BLISTERING:	1=Absent/Slight (Salinas)	2=Moderate (Vanguard)	3=Strong (Prize Head)
	2	LEAF THICKNESS:	1=Thin	2=Intermediate	3=Thick
. :	2	TRICHOMES:	1=Absent (smooth)	2-Present (spiny)	
5. PLA	NT (et	market stage. Choose a compar	ison variety appropriate for this type.):	-	• . •
4	8	SPREAD OF FRAME LEAVES om This Variety	. 45 cm Raleigh	(specify comparison variety	77
	7	HEAD DIAMETER (market treem This Variety	immed with sincle cop leaf): [15] cm Raleigh		57
nyski s	2	HEAD SHAPE:	1=Flattened 2=Slightly Flattened	3=Spherical 4=Elongate	5=Non-Heading 6=OTHER
	3	HEAD SIZE CLASS:	1=Small	2=Medium	3=Large
2	4	HEAD COUNT PER CARTON			
75	4	HEAD WEIGHT: g This Variety	729, Raleigh	(specify comparison variet	וע
·	3		1=Loose 2=Moderate	3=Firm 4=Very Firm	
6. BUTT	(botte	om of market-trimmed head):			
	<u>i</u> _	SHAPE:	1=Slightly Conceve	2=Flat	3×Rounded
			1×Flattened (Salinas)	2=Moderately Raised	3=Prominently Baised (Gr
7. CORE	(stem	of market trimmed head):	₩ <sup>(se)</sup>		
3	<u> </u>	mm Diameter at base of head			
4.	ـ لــــــا	Ratio of head diameter/core dia		·	
4		Core height from base of head t mm. This Variety	39 mm Ruleigh	(specify comparison variet	
8. BOLT	NG (G	Give First Water Date 4-12-	. NOTE: first Water Date is 10 perminate. This can and o	the date seed first receives adequate mo often does equal the planting date.	155UF# •
B	2	Number of days from First Wate This Variety	er Date to seed stalk emergence (summer)		u)
	<u> </u>	BOLTING CLASS	I-Very Slow	3-Medium 4-Rapid	5~Very Rapid
5	_	Height of mature seed stalk: cm. This Variety	46 m South Ba	y (specify comportion voict	· ·
FORM LS	470.1				
19-88			BOLTING contid, on next p	≢ÇE	Page

_	POLTING of				200100019
۵,	BOLTING co	•		-	Z 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 3
	10101	Spread of Bolter Plant (at w. cm. This Variety	idest point):  26 cm 5	SUITH Bay apecify compor	ison variety)
	2	BOLTER LEAVES:	1=Straight	2×Curved .	
	2	MARGIN:	1=Entire	2=Dentate	
	2	COLOR:	1-Light Green	2≈Medium Green	3=Dark Green
	2	BOLTER HABIT: TERMINAL INFLORESCENCE:	1=Absent	2=Present	•
	2	LATERAL SHOOTS:	1=Absent	2×Present	
		BASAL SIDE SHOOTS	: 1=Absent	2=Present	
9.	MATURITY	(earliness of harvest-mature)	head formation):		
	NOTE: C	omplete this section for at le	ast one season,	<u> </u>	
,	SEASO	CN Applie.1/ #of da	ys Check 1/ #of days	CHECK VAR	ETY 2/
	Spring	60	59	Raleigh	
	Summe	,,			
	. Fall	60	59	Raileigh	
( 8	Winter	72	70	Raleigh	
	live planting d	(ate(s), and location(s):	•		
	Spring	2-10-97	Belle	· Glude Surida	
	Summe	F		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Fall	10-3-96	Beile G	Slude · Florida	
	Winter	12-3-96	Bellegi		······································
	<u>I</u> /First v	vater date to harvest.	2/ Fill in check var	iety name on the appropriate line,	
0.	ADAPTATIO P	in: RIMARY REGIONS OF AC	APTION (tested and pro	ven adapted): (0=Not tested 1=N	ot Adapted 2=Adapted)
	s	outhwest (Calif., Ariz, deser	r) West Coa	ast [] Northeast	•
	ON	orthcentral	2 Southes	other	
		EASON: Spring larea South	eus r	Fall larea Southe	18 1
		Summer (area		Fall larea Souther  Winter larea South	e as r
	0 G	REENHOUSE:	0=Not tested	1=Not Adapted	2=Adapted
	2 so	OIL TYPE:	1=Mineral	2*Organic	3=Both

FORM LS-470-1 (9-86) Pace

200100019

					llan.	<u> </u>	. 🔾
11. DISEASES AN	D STRESS REACTIONS	(0=Not rested; 1	-Susceptible;	2=Intermediate: 3=Res	sistant; 4=Highly resists	ent; 5=Tolerant):	
	VIRUS				FUNGAL/BACTER	IIAL	
	⊘ Big Vein			4 Corky Roos	Rot (Pythium Root Ro	(t)	
•	Lettuce Mosaic			Downy Mild	lew (Races	1	
	Cucumber Mossic			Powdery Mil	ldew		•
	Sroad Bean Wilt			Sclerotinia F	3ot		
	Turnip Mossic			Bacterial So	ft Rot (Pseudomonas s	op. & others)	
	Beet Western Yellow	· '\$		Botrytis (Gr	ay Mold)		
	Lett. Infectious Yell	Ows		OTHER	·		
•	Other Virus			<u></u>		;	
						• .	
	INSECTS				PHYSIOLOGICAL'S	TRESS	
. <del>-</del>	Cabbage Loopers			5 Tipbum	O Salt	•	
* .	O Root Aphids	**	•	3 Heat	@ Brown Rib	(Rib Discoloration, Rib	Blight
	Green Peach Aphid			Drought -	OTHER_		
	Other Insect			1 Cold		-	
	· <del></del>						
· • '	Z Pink Rib		POST HAR		Nacrosis (Rinchhanst )	Gray Rib, Gray Streak)	
			•			,	
	Russet Spotting			Brown Stain	) ,		
	Rusty Brown Discole	pration	-				
12. BIOCHEMICAL	ORELECTROPHORETIC	MARKERS:		-	•		
			•	٠.			
							·
13. COMMENTS:						•	
						•	
	4						
			•			<i>i</i> •	

#### SUGGESTED CHECK VARIETIES

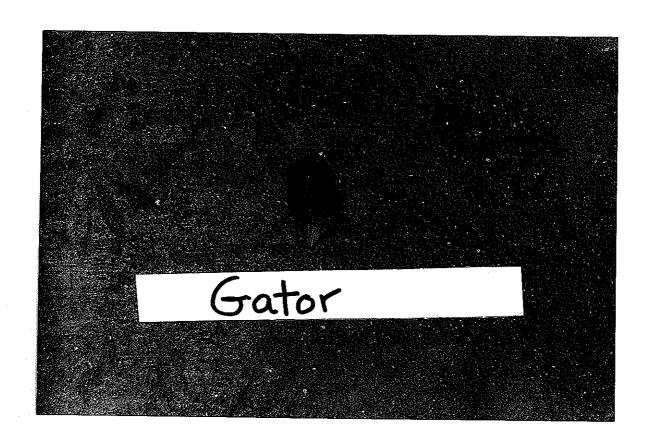
### TYPE

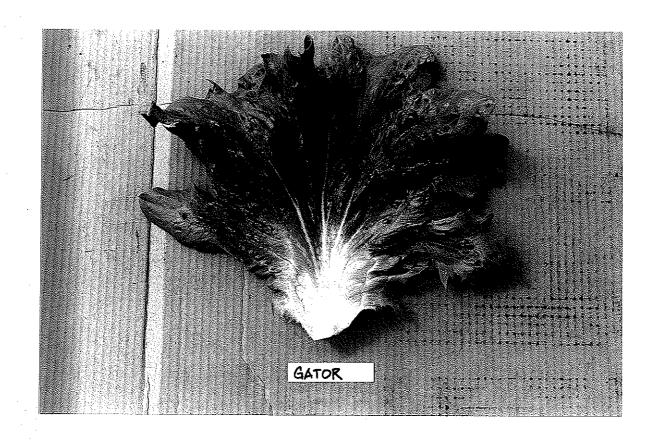
- CUTTING/LEAF

- 2) BUTTERHEAD
  3) BIBB
  4) COS, OR ROMAINE
  5) GREAT LAKES GROUP
  6) VANGUARD GROUP
- IMPERIAL GROUP EASTERN GROUP
- 8)
- 9) STEM

#### CHECK VARIETY

SALAD BOWL DARK GREEN BOSTON B188 PARRIS ISLAND GREAT LAKES 659-700 VANGUARD VIVA ITHACA CELTUCE MATCHLESS





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE	The following statements are made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a) and the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995.				
EXHIBIT E STATEMENT OF THE BASIS OF OWNERSHIP	Application is required in order to determine if a plant variety protection certificate is to be issued (7 U.S.C. 2421). Information is held confidential until certificate is issued (7 U.S.C. 2426).				
1. NAME OF APPLICANT(S)	2. TEMPORARY DESIGNATION OR EXPERIMENTAL NUMBER	3. VARIETY NAME			
Seminis Vegetable Seeds, Inc.	GX637	Gator			
4. ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP, and Country)	5. TELEPHONE (include area code)	6. FAX (include area code)			
2700 Camino del Sol	(805) 647-1572	(805) 918-2545			
Oxnard, CA 93030-7967	7. PVPO NUMBER 2 0 0 1 (	0019			
B. Does the applicant own all rights to the variety? Mark an "X" in appropri	iate block. If no, please explain.	YES NO			
Is the applicant (individual or company) a U.S. national or U.S. based of     If no, give name of country	ompany?	YES NO			
10. Is the applicant the original owner?	O If no, please answer one of the f	ollowing:			
a. If original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is (are) the original owner(s) a U.S. national(s)?  [] YES [] NO If no, give name of country  b. If original rights to variety were owned by a company(ies), is(are) the original owner(s) a U.S. based company?					
✓ YES ☐	(O If no, give name of country				
11. Additional explanation on ownership (if needed, use reverse for extra s	pace):				
		•			
PLEASE NOTE:					
Plant variety protection can be afforded only to owners (not licensees) who meet o	ne of the following criteria:	9.00			
<ol> <li>If the rights to the variety are owned by the original breeder, that person must b which affords similar protection to nationals of the U.S. for the same genus and</li> </ol>	e a U.S. national, national of a UPOV memb species.	per country, or national of a country			
2. If the rights to the variety are owned by the company which employed the origin member country, or owned by nationals of a country which affords similar probability.	nal breeder(s), the company must be U.S. be ection to nationals of the U.S. for the same	used, owned by nationals of a UPOV genus and species.			
3. If the applicant is an owner who is not the original owner, both the original owner and the applicant must meet one of the above criteria.					
The original breeder/owner may be the individual or company who directed final b	preeding. See Section 41(a)(2) of the Plant	Variety Protection Act for definition.			
According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a coli- this information collection is 0581-0055. The time required to compete this information collec- searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and	tion is estimated to average 10 minutes per respon	ontrol number. The valid OMB control number for se, including the time for reviewing instructions,			
The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in its programs on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, religion, age, disability, political beliefs, and market or familial status.  (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs). Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at 202-720-2600 (voice and TDD).					
To file a complaint, write the Secretary of Agriculture, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Wash employment opportunity employer,	ington, D.C. 20250, or call 1-800-245-6340 (voice	s) or (202) 720-1127 (TDD). USDA is an equal			

STD-470-E (07-97) (Destroy previous editions).
Electronic version designed using WordPerfect InForms by USDA-AMS-IMB.